



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 11, 2026 – 02:14 PM JST

PDB ID : 25VE / pdb_000025ve
EMDB ID : EMD-80402
Title : side fiber of F2-pyocin
Authors : Gu, Z.W.; Xie, Y.F.; Wang, J.W.
Deposited on : 2026-04-19
Resolution : 2.78 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev133
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Percentile statistics : 20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
EM percentile statistics : 202505.v01 (Using data in the EMDB archive up until May 2025)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.50

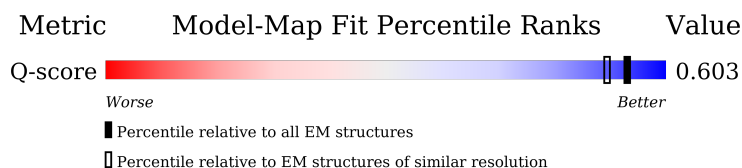
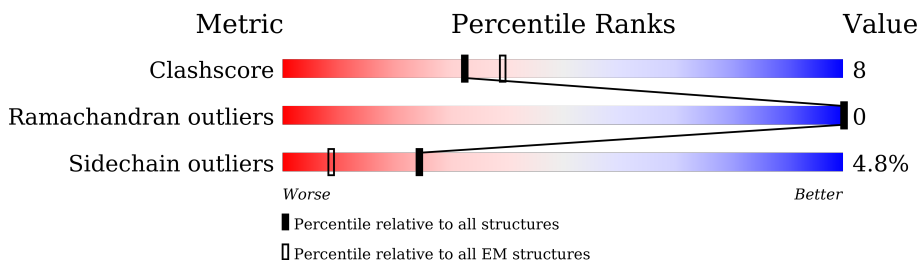
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.78 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)	Similar EM resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	229148	23984	-
Ramachandran outliers	224038	23583	-
Sidechain outliers	223484	23102	-
Q-score	-	25397	10754 (2.28 - 3.28)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	363	 7% 58% 12% 30%
1	B	363	 6% 55% 15% 30%
1	C	363	 6% 55% 15% 30%

2 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 5736 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called F2-pyocin side fiber.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	255	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1912	1201	334	365	12		
1	B	255	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1912	1201	334	365	12		
1	C	255	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1912	1201	334	365	12		

MET	ALA	TRP	HIS	SER	LYS	GLY	SER	VAL	SER	THR	LEU	GLY	ASN	ASN	THR	ASP	PHE	ILE	ALA	ASN	VAL	ARG	THR	GLY	ASP	PHE	ARG	GLY	PRO	GLY	ARG	THR	TYR	GLU	ILE	THR	THR	ASN	VAL	THR	SER	ALA	THR	VAL	ILE	SER	ILE	LYS	PRO	ASN	TYR							
GLN	GLY	ALA	THR	ALA	SER	GLY	GLN	VAL	TYR	ALA	VAL	VAL	PRO	ILE	HIS	GLY	TYR	SER	LYS	ASN	ALA	ALA	ASP	GLN	PHE	ARG	ASP	ILE	ASN	ASN	GLN	TRP	GLY	ALA	GLY	ALA	THR	LEU	ALA	GLY	ILE	LYS	PRO	SER	THR	THR	Q109	Q110	Q111	A112	Q113	A114	D115	M116	G117	I118	S119	A120
R123	N126	N127	A128	S129	N144	Q145	M146	G147	W148	M153	D159	L166	Y167	P176	V177	N178	Q181	V184	M187	V196	W199	Y200	Q201	S204	A205	T206	R211	I212	K213	G216	W221	V222	Y225	S226	Q227	F228	W229	L230	T246	V253																		
A262	C268	T272	M280	Q283	P284	A285	G286	T287	T292	T293	P294	P302	V311	P315	A319	G320	N321	N322	A323	W327	M331	S332	V333	T334	E335	T336	S339	W340	Y341	G342	Y343	A354	A358	R361	W362	N363																						

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	60558	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI POLARA 300	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	49.91	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON IV (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	4.632	Depositor
Minimum map value	-2.922	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.118	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.688	Depositor
Map size (Å)	237.056, 237.056, 237.056	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	0.926, 0.926, 0.926	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.26	0/1967	0.43	0/2689
1	B	0.25	0/1967	0.39	0/2689
1	C	0.24	0/1967	0.39	0/2689
All	All	0.25	0/5901	0.40	0/8067

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1912	0	1790	39	0
1	B	1912	0	1790	34	0
1	C	1912	0	1790	41	0
All	All	5736	0	5370	94	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (94) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:148:TRP:HZ3	1:A:166:LEU:HB2	1.39	0.86

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:317:ARG:HH21	1:C:331:MET:HE3	1.47	0.79
1:C:148:TRP:CZ3	1:C:166:LEU:HB2	2.19	0.77
1:B:266:GLN:NE2	1:B:268:CYS:SG	2.66	0.67
1:B:145:GLN:O	1:B:147:GLY:N	2.27	0.66
1:A:145:GLN:O	1:A:147:GLY:N	2.27	0.66
1:C:118:ILE:O	1:C:123:ARG:NH1	2.28	0.66
1:C:196:VAL:HG23	1:C:212:ILE:HG12	1.79	0.64
1:C:148:TRP:HZ3	1:C:166:LEU:HB2	1.62	0.63
1:C:246:ILE:HA	1:C:262:ALA:HB2	1.79	0.63
1:C:334:THR:HG22	1:C:336:THR:H	1.62	0.63
1:A:316:MET:HE1	1:C:333:VAL:HG22	1.80	0.62
1:B:148:TRP:HZ3	1:B:166:LEU:HB2	1.64	0.61
1:A:267:ILE:HG12	1:A:359:MET:HE3	1.83	0.60
1:B:212:ILE:HD11	1:C:201:GLN:O	2.02	0.59
1:C:187:MET:HB2	1:C:196:VAL:HG12	1.84	0.58
1:C:145:GLN:O	1:C:147:GLY:N	2.37	0.57
1:B:118:ILE:HG22	1:C:126:ASN:HB3	1.87	0.56
1:B:165:GLY:HA2	1:C:148:TRP:CD1	2.40	0.55
1:B:176:PRO:HG3	1:B:221:TRP:CD2	2.42	0.55
1:A:148:TRP:CZ3	1:A:166:LEU:HB2	2.29	0.55
1:A:164:SER:HA	1:A:186:HIS:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:335:GLU:H	1:A:335:GLU:CD	2.15	0.54
1:B:196:VAL:HG22	1:B:212:ILE:HG13	1.89	0.54
1:C:184:VAL:HG22	1:C:199:TRP:HD1	1.73	0.53
1:A:331:MET:HB3	1:A:339:SER:HB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:148:TRP:HB3	1:C:146:MET:HG3	1.91	0.53
1:C:206:THR:HG22	1:C:228:PHE:HB3	1.90	0.53
1:A:176:PRO:HG2	1:A:199:TRP:CE3	2.43	0.53
1:B:148:TRP:CZ3	1:B:166:LEU:HB2	2.43	0.53
1:B:206:THR:HG22	1:B:228:PHE:HB3	1.91	0.53
1:A:148:TRP:HD1	1:C:146:MET:HG2	1.74	0.52
1:C:311:VAL:HG22	1:C:358:ALA:HB2	1.91	0.51
1:A:230:LEU:HD12	1:C:225:TYR:CE2	2.45	0.51
1:C:280:MET:HB3	1:C:292:ILE:HG13	1.93	0.51
1:B:315:PRO:HB2	1:B:352:MET:HB2	1.93	0.50
1:A:176:PRO:HG2	1:A:199:TRP:CD2	2.47	0.50
1:C:144:ASN:OD1	1:C:145:GLN:N	2.45	0.50
1:B:110:GLN:HA	1:B:113:GLN:HG3	1.94	0.50
1:B:146:MET:C	1:B:153:MET:HE2	2.37	0.50
1:A:148:TRP:HZ3	1:A:166:LEU:CB	2.17	0.49
1:A:146:MET:HG3	1:B:148:TRP:HB3	1.93	0.49

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:213:LYS:HD2	1:C:216:GLY:HA2	1.93	0.49
1:A:331:MET:HE3	1:B:317:ARG:HH21	1.78	0.48
1:B:194:PHE:HA	1:B:213:LYS:O	2.13	0.48
1:C:331:MET:HB3	1:C:339:SER:HB3	1.94	0.48
1:B:263:ASP:OD2	1:B:264:GLY:N	2.47	0.48
1:C:315:PRO:HA	1:C:354:ALA:HA	1.96	0.48
1:A:200:TYR:CE1	1:C:187:MET:HE1	2.50	0.47
1:A:317:ARG:NH1	1:A:324:SER:O	2.48	0.47
1:A:359:MET:SD	1:B:267:ILE:HG21	2.55	0.46
1:B:307:ARG:NH1	1:C:253:VAL:HG13	2.30	0.46
1:A:148:TRP:NE1	1:C:148:TRP:CE3	2.74	0.46
1:C:268:CYS:SG	1:C:302:PRO:HD2	2.55	0.46
1:A:331:MET:HE3	1:B:317:ARG:NH2	2.30	0.46
1:B:230:LEU:HD12	1:B:246:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.45
1:A:206:THR:HG22	1:A:228:PHE:HB3	1.97	0.45
1:C:159:ASP:OD1	1:C:211:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.45
1:A:230:LEU:HD11	1:C:246:ILE:HB	1.99	0.45
1:C:230:LEU:HD12	1:C:246:ILE:CG2	2.47	0.45
1:A:210:MET:HB3	1:A:224:GLN:NE2	2.32	0.45
1:B:148:TRP:CH2	1:B:185:LEU:HD21	2.52	0.45
1:C:176:PRO:HG3	1:C:221:TRP:CD2	2.52	0.45
1:B:340:TRP:CE2	1:B:354:ALA:HB2	2.53	0.44
1:A:158:LEU:HD22	1:A:184:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.44
1:C:280:MET:SD	1:C:294:PRO:HA	2.58	0.44
1:A:331:MET:HG3	1:A:341:TYR:CE1	2.53	0.44
1:A:341:TYR:HB3	1:B:325:ARG:HH11	1.83	0.44
1:A:359:MET:HE2	1:A:359:MET:HB3	1.83	0.43
1:A:230:LEU:HG	1:A:246:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.43
1:B:159:ASP:OD1	1:B:211:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.43
1:A:274:THR:O	1:A:276:VAL:HG13	2.20	0.42
1:B:210:MET:HG3	1:B:222:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.42
1:C:153:MET:HE3	1:C:167:TYR:CE2	2.55	0.42
1:C:199:TRP:HB2	1:C:221:TRP:CZ3	2.55	0.42
1:B:225:TYR:CE2	1:C:230:LEU:HD22	2.55	0.42
1:A:126:ASN:HB3	1:C:118:ILE:HG23	2.01	0.42
1:B:158:LEU:HD22	1:B:184:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.42
1:A:148:TRP:HH2	1:A:185:LEU:HD21	1.85	0.42
1:A:341:TYR:OH	1:B:317:ARG:NE	2.52	0.42
1:A:230:LEU:O	1:A:245:ALA:HB1	2.20	0.41
1:A:340:TRP:CZ2	1:A:354:ALA:HB2	2.55	0.41
1:A:110:GLN:OE1	1:A:110:GLN:N	2.51	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:114:ALA:HA	1:B:123:ARG:HH21	1.85	0.41
1:A:146:MET:SD	1:A:148:TRP:HB2	2.61	0.41
1:B:308:PRO:HB3	1:B:333:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.41
1:C:146:MET:HE3	1:C:146:MET:HB3	1.89	0.41
1:B:164:SER:HA	1:B:186:HIS:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:280:MET:HB2	1:B:292:ILE:O	2.21	0.40
1:B:331:MET:HB2	1:B:341:TYR:CE1	2.56	0.40
1:A:276:VAL:O	1:A:352:MET:HB3	2.21	0.40
1:C:327:TRP:CE2	1:C:343:TYR:HB2	2.55	0.40
1:C:110:GLN:OE1	1:C:110:GLN:N	2.47	0.40
1:C:113:GLN:HE21	1:C:118:ILE:HD13	1.86	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	253/363 (70%)	234 (92%)	19 (8%)	0	100	100
1	B	253/363 (70%)	236 (93%)	17 (7%)	0	100	100
1	C	253/363 (70%)	233 (92%)	20 (8%)	0	100	100
All	All	759/1089 (70%)	703 (93%)	56 (7%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	193/278 (69%)	184 (95%)	9 (5%)	23	54
1	B	193/278 (69%)	186 (96%)	7 (4%)	31	63
1	C	193/278 (69%)	181 (94%)	12 (6%)	16	42
All	All	579/834 (69%)	551 (95%)	28 (5%)	24	53

All (28) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	125	LEU
1	A	154	ASN
1	A	171	THR
1	A	212	ILE
1	A	222	VAL
1	A	247	ILE
1	A	259	VAL
1	A	341	TYR
1	A	348	VAL
1	B	204	SER
1	B	212	ILE
1	B	222	VAL
1	B	224	GLN
1	B	240	ASN
1	B	272	THR
1	B	329	SER
1	C	146	MET
1	C	178	ASN
1	C	181	GLN
1	C	187	MET
1	C	204	SER
1	C	222	VAL
1	C	226	SER
1	C	246	ILE
1	C	272	THR
1	C	283	GLN
1	C	341	TYR
1	C	361	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	113	GLN
1	A	248	GLN
1	A	271	ASN
1	B	111	GLN
1	B	179	ASN
1	C	113	GLN
1	C	203	ASN
1	C	208	GLN
1	C	248	GLN
1	C	363	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

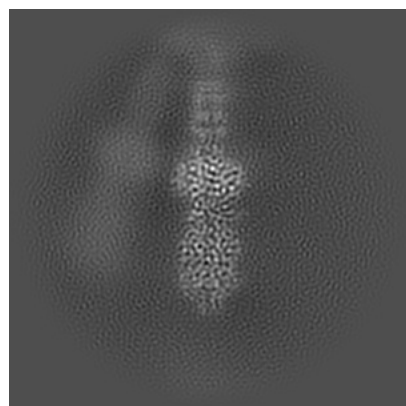
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-80402. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

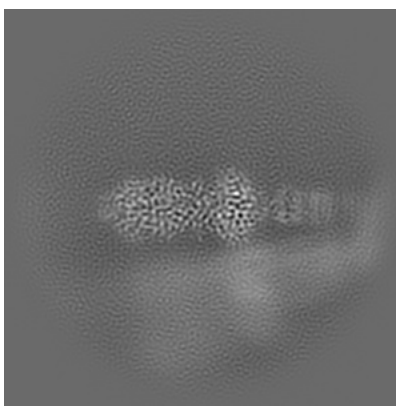
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

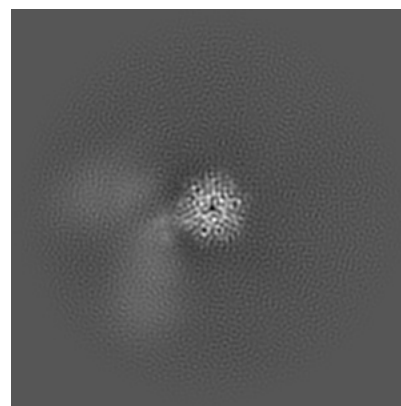
6.1.1 Primary map



X

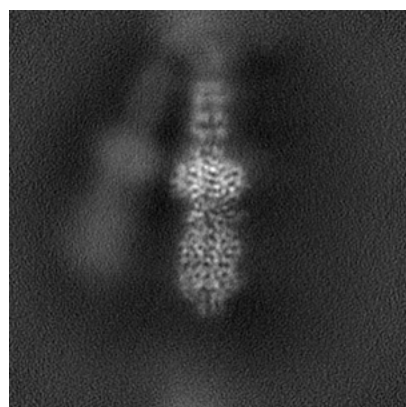


Y

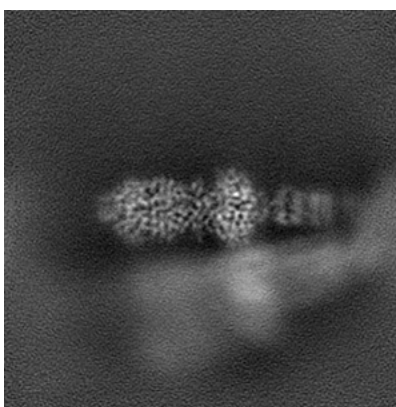


Z

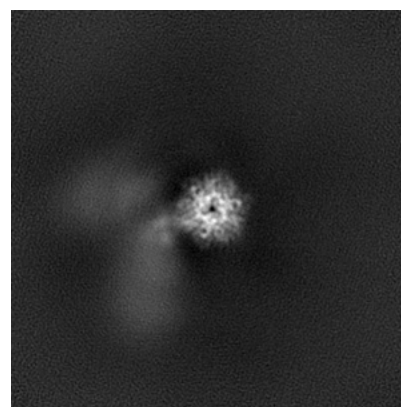
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

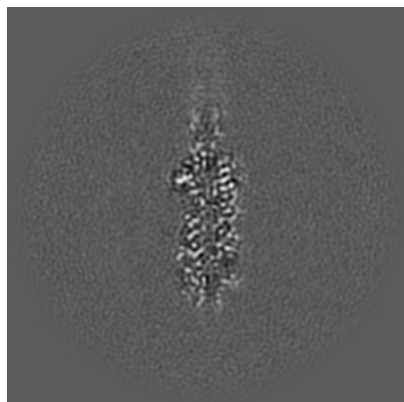


Z

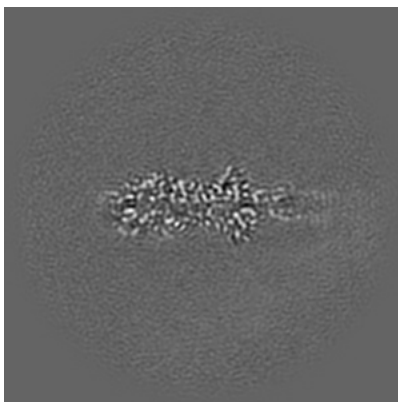
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

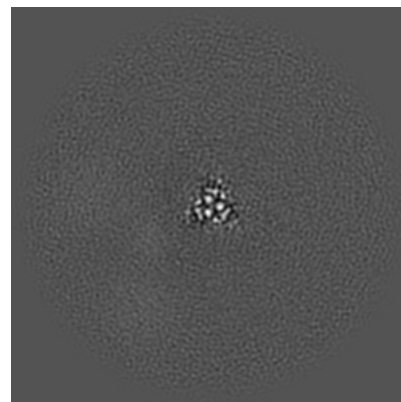
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

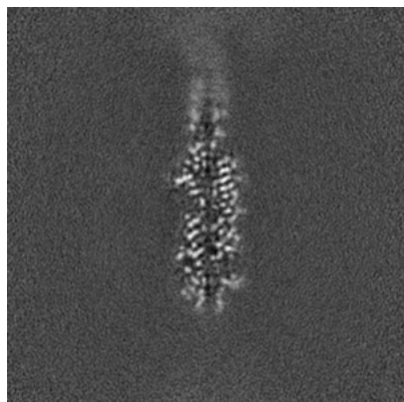


Y Index: 128

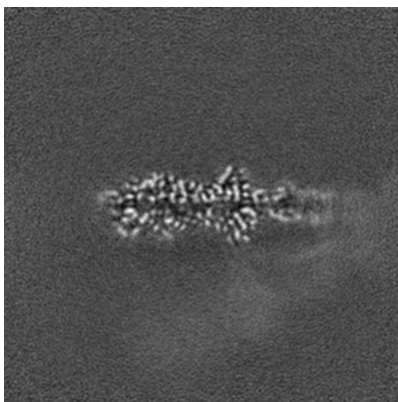


Z Index: 128

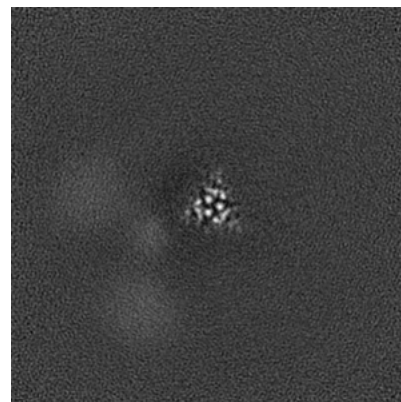
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

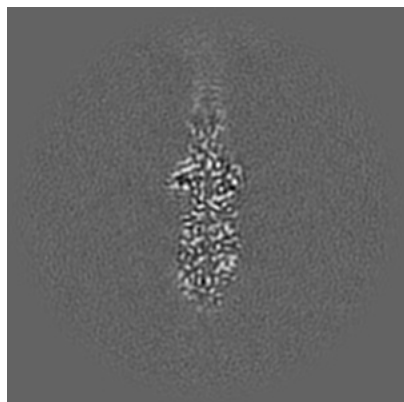


Z Index: 128

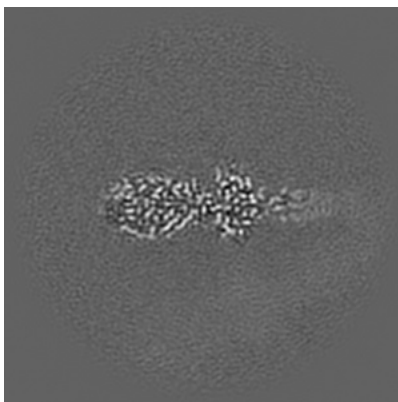
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

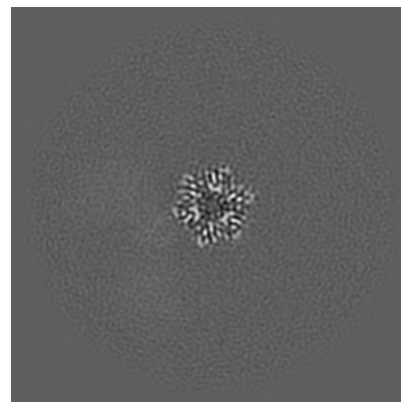
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 126

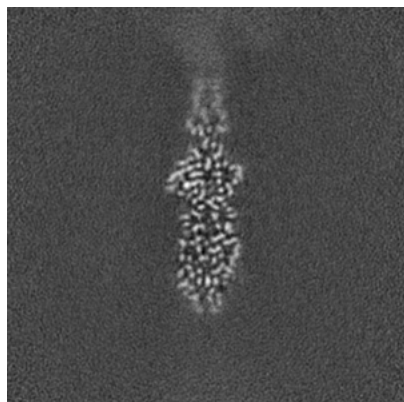


Y Index: 133

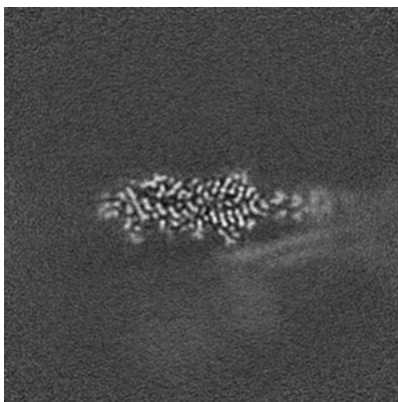


Z Index: 146

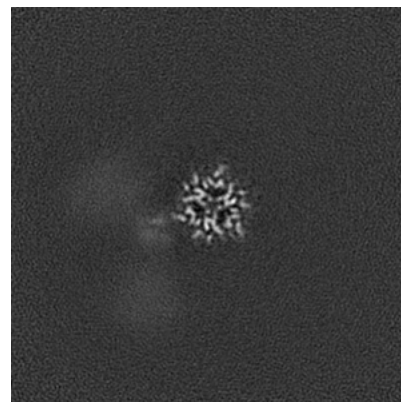
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 125



Y Index: 122

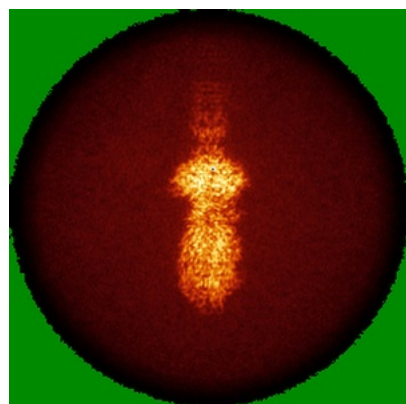


Z Index: 142

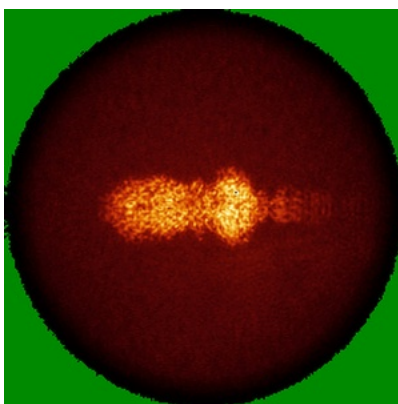
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

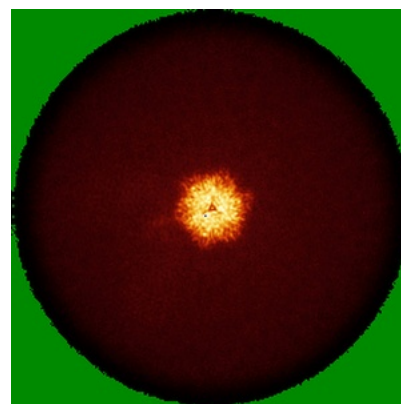
6.4.1 Primary map



X

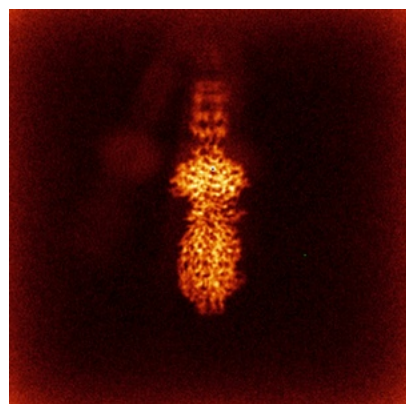


Y

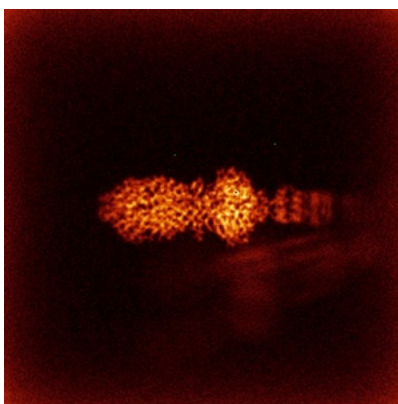


Z

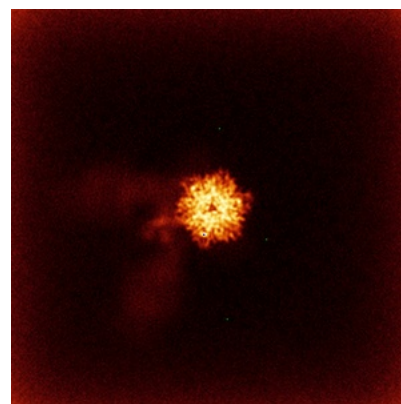
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

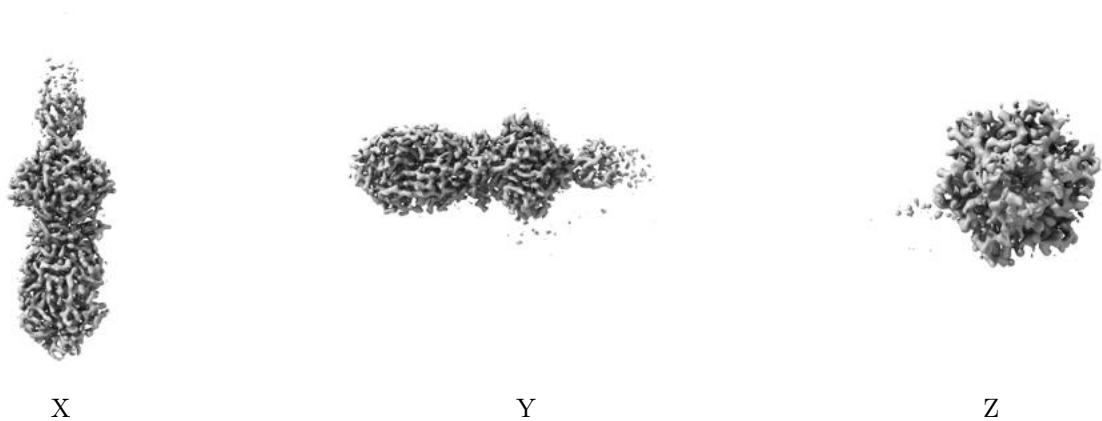


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.688. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

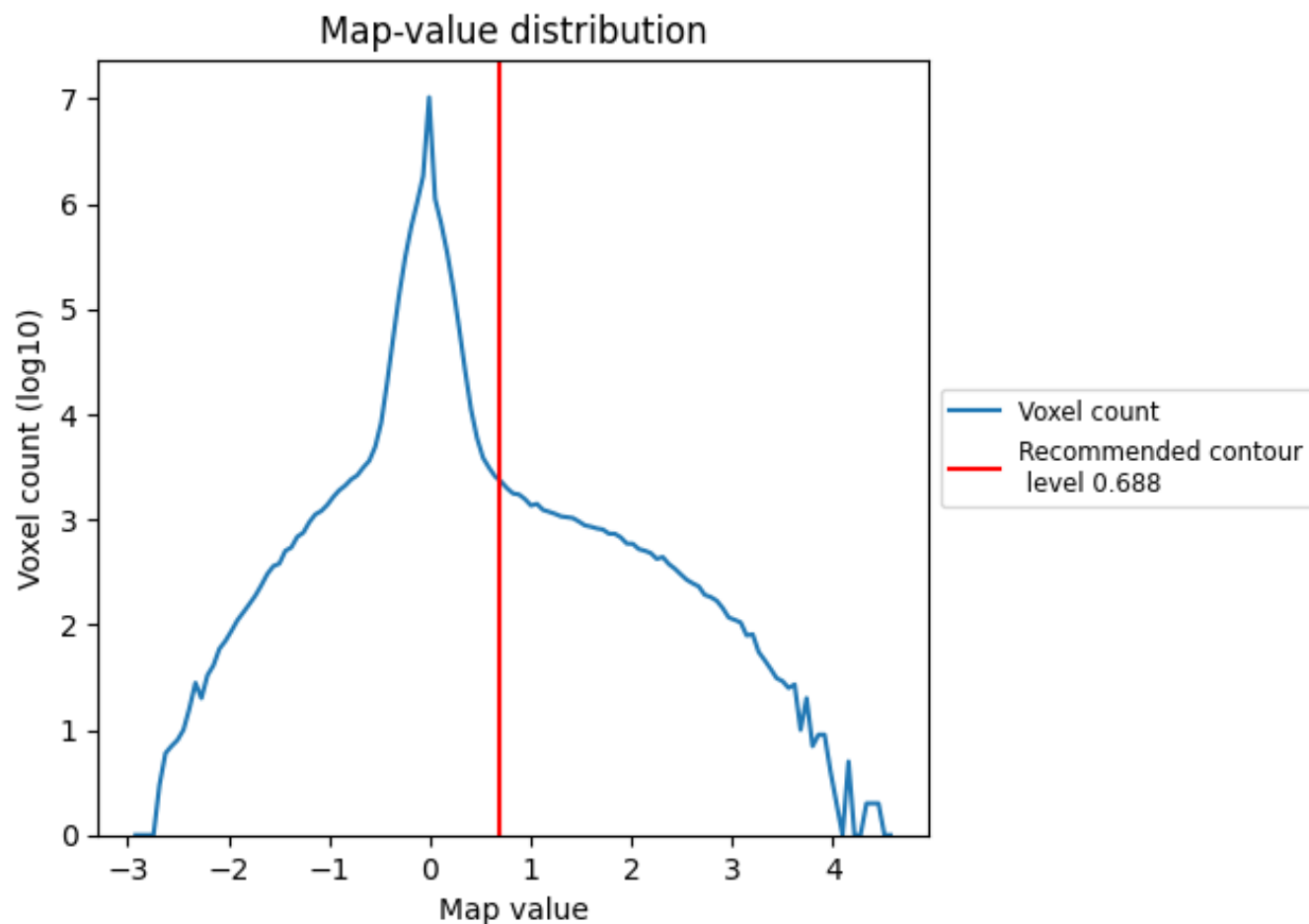
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

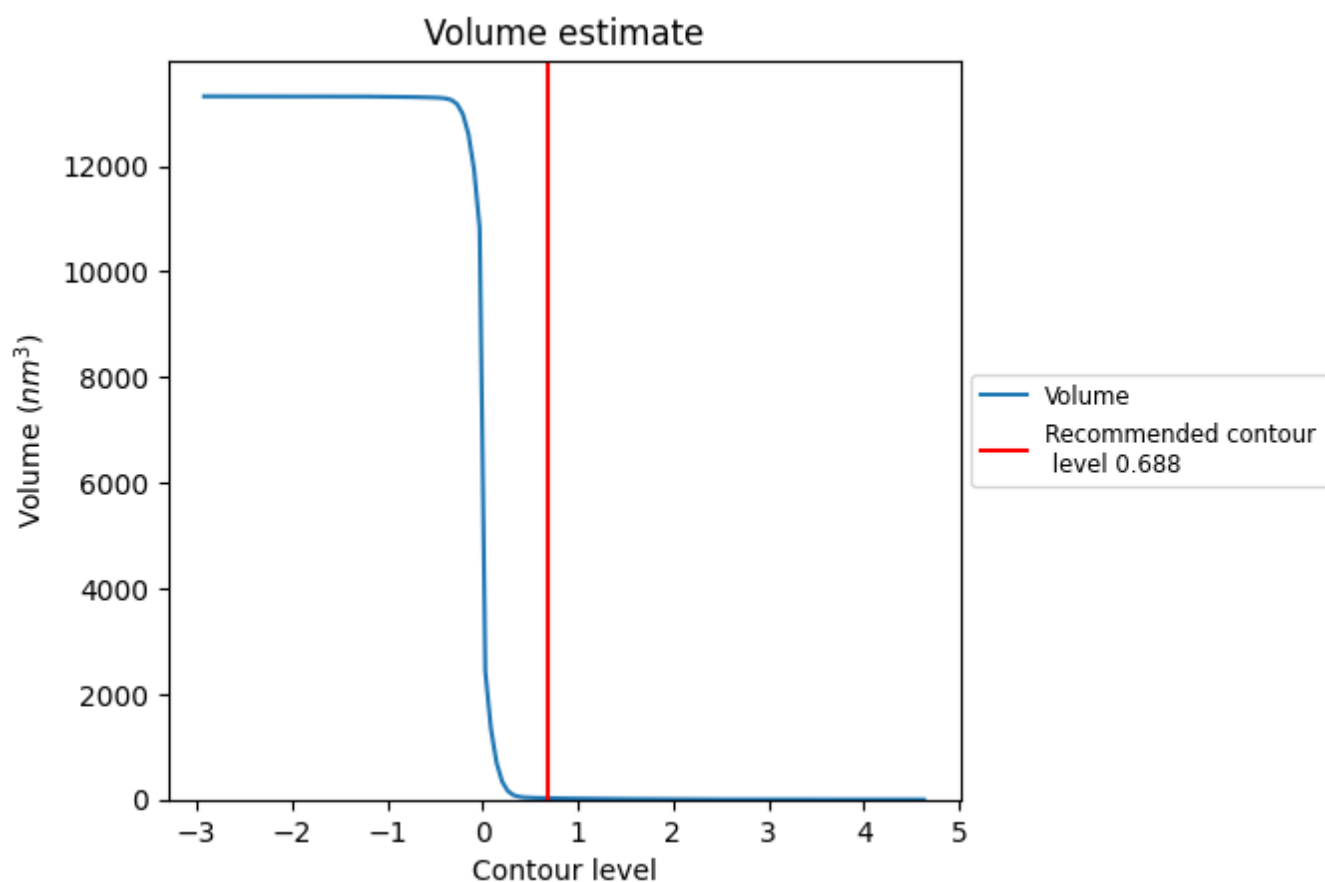
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

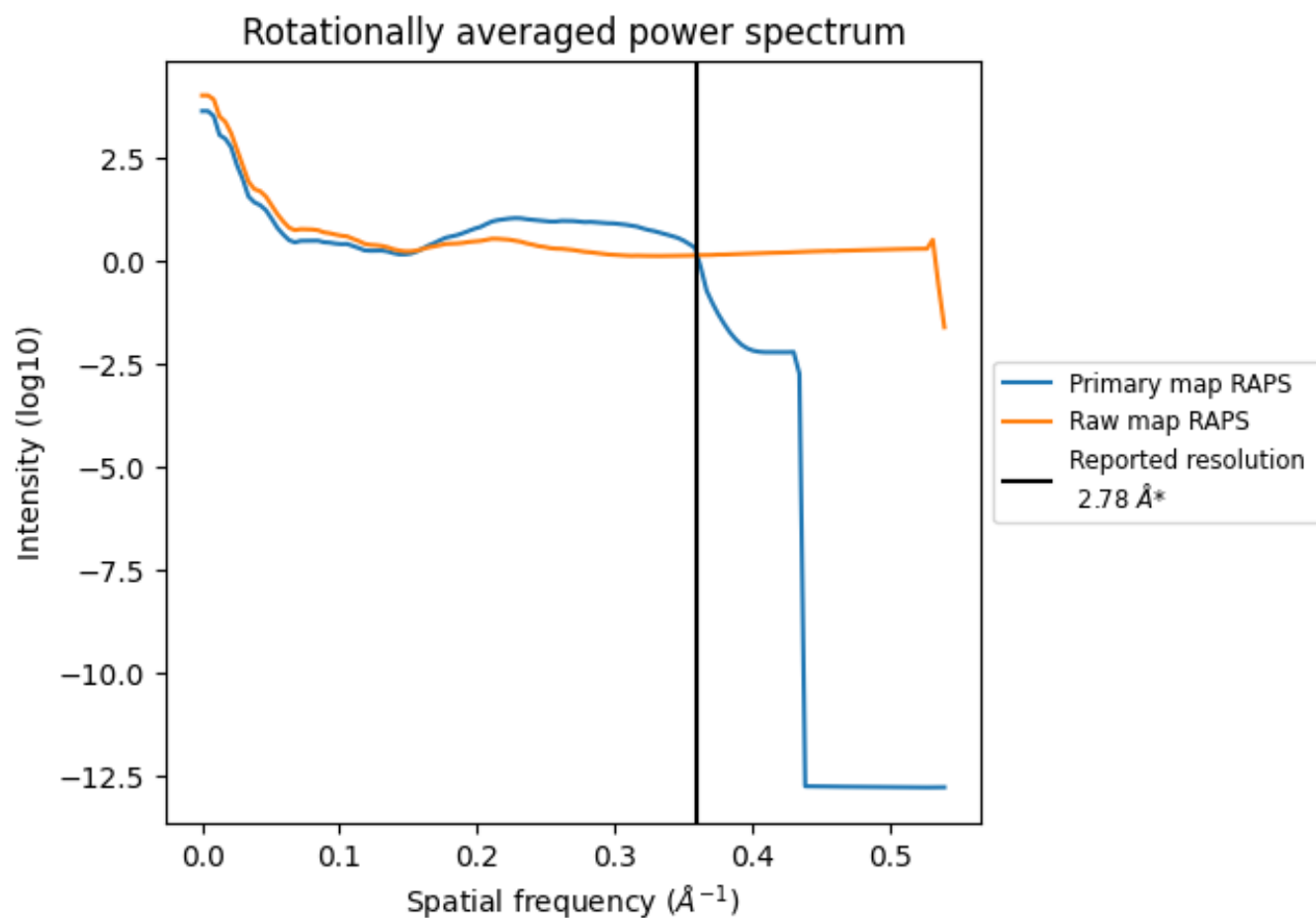
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 26 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 24 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

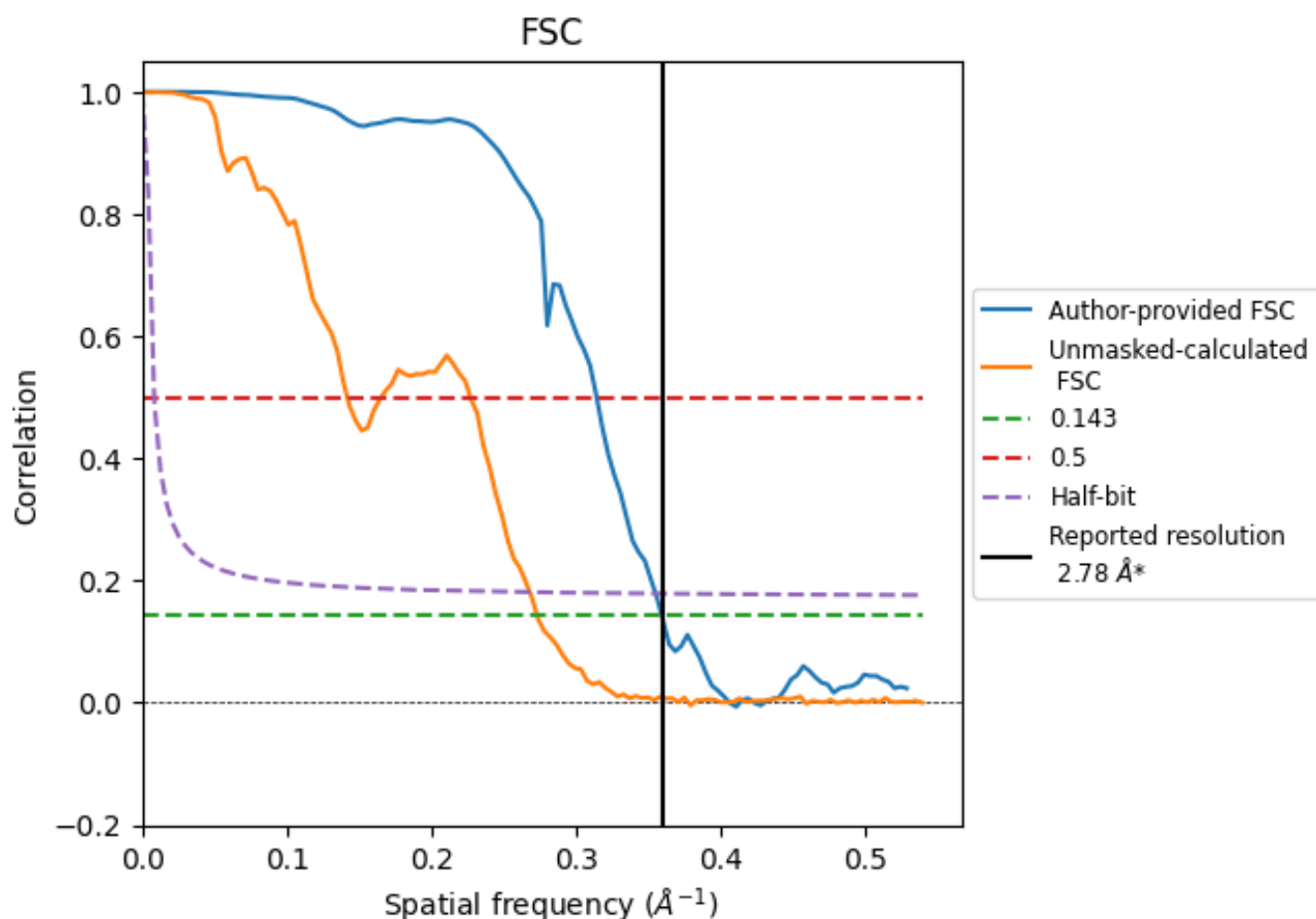


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.360 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.360 $\text{\AA}^{-1}$

8.2 Resolution estimates

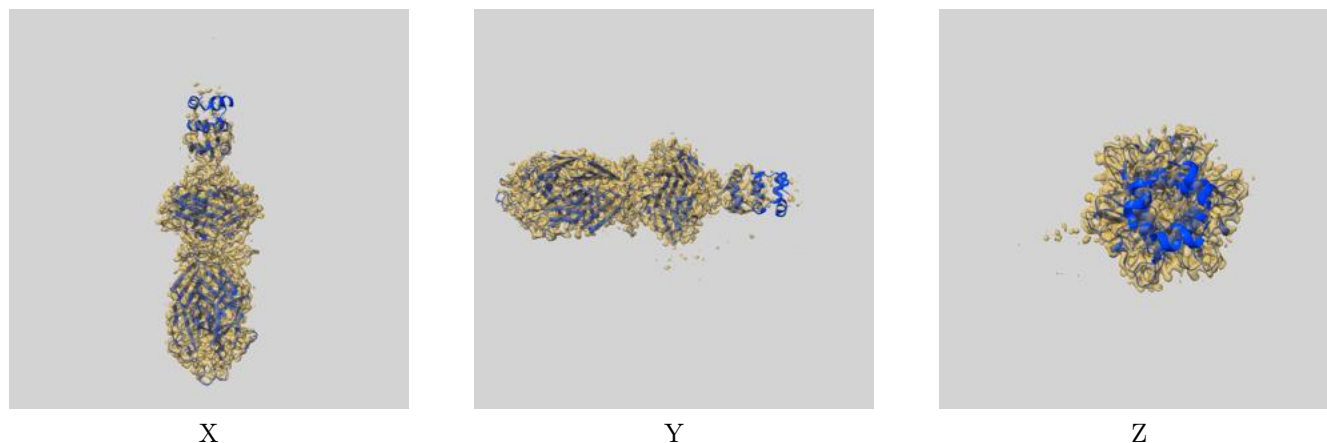
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.78	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.78	3.18	2.81
Unmasked-calculated*	3.66	7.04	3.73

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.66 differs from the reported value 2.78 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

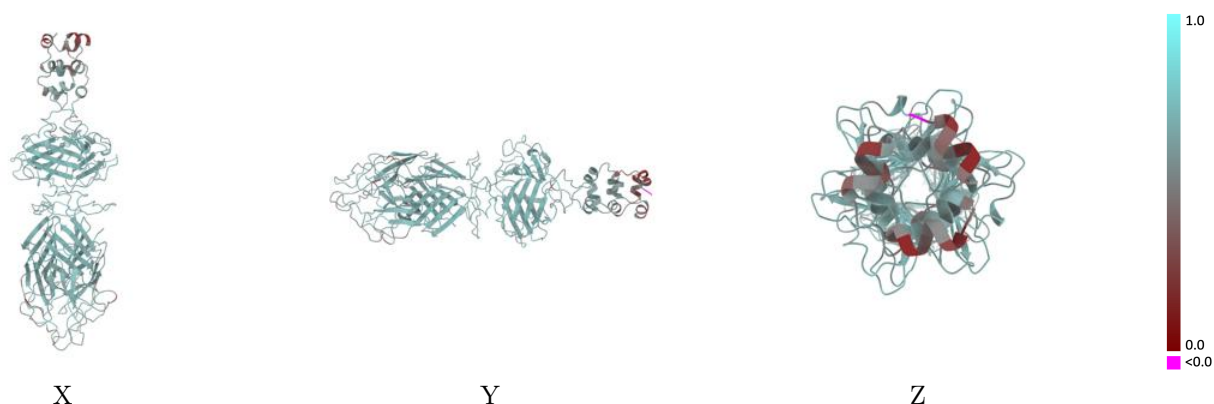
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-80402 and PDB model 25VE. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



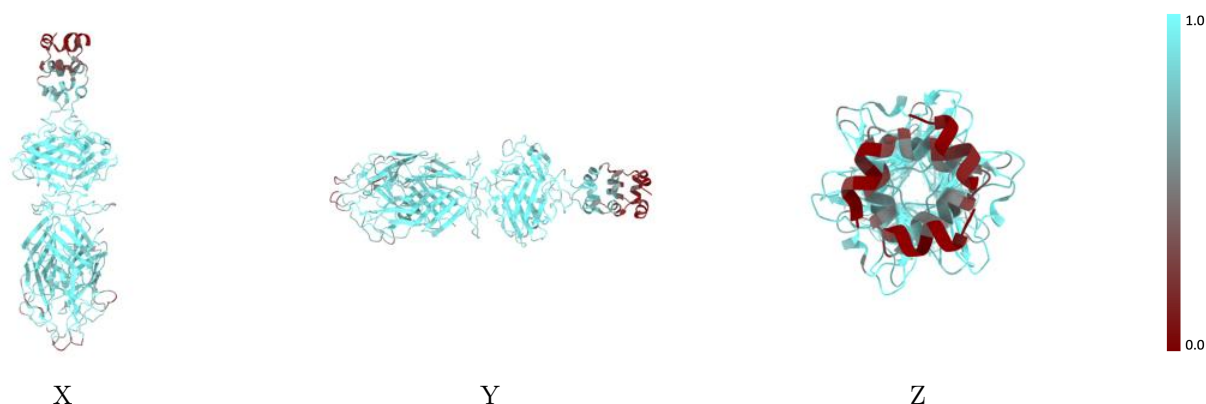
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.688 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



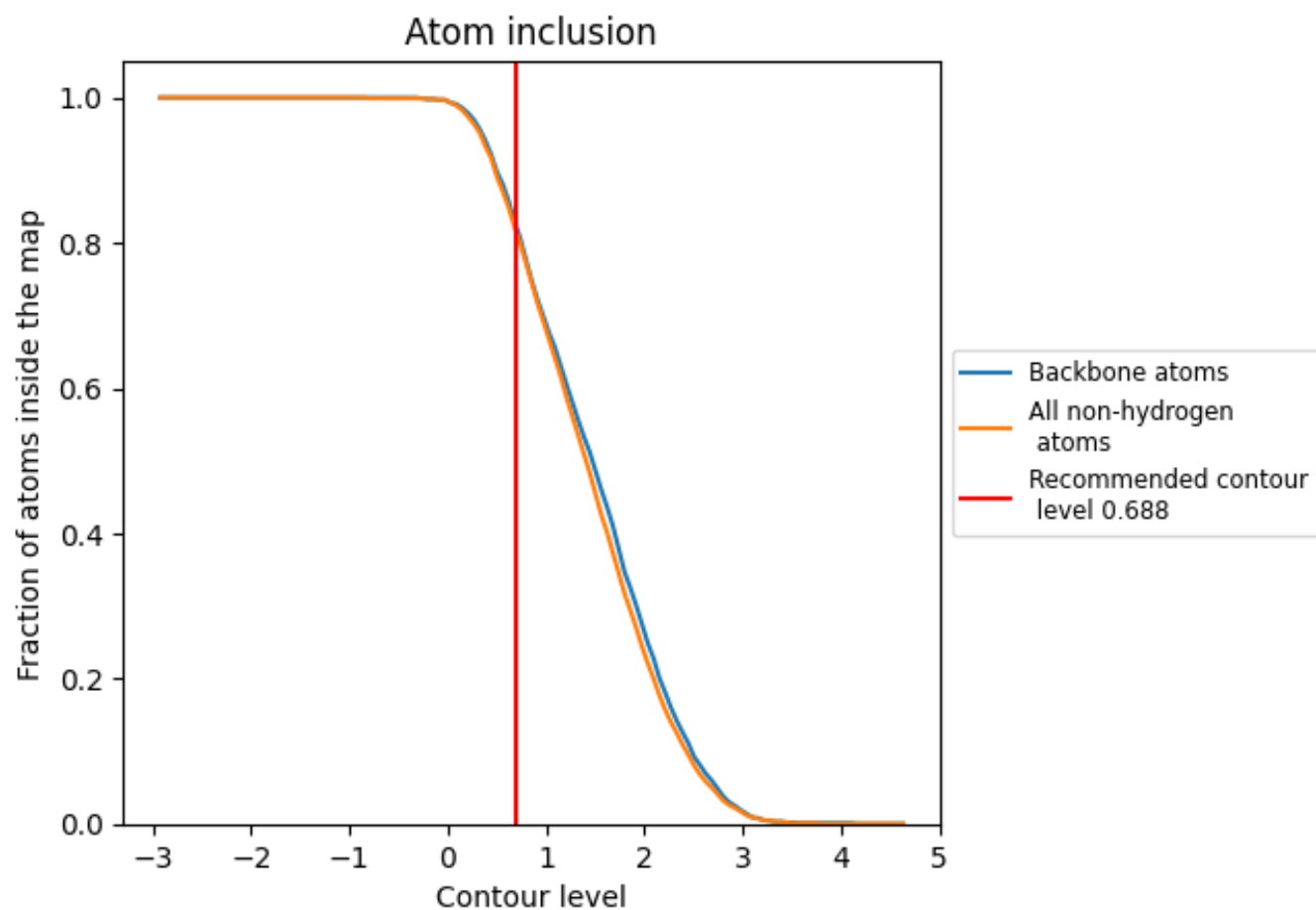
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.688).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 83% of all backbone atoms, 82% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.688) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8180	0.6030
A	0.8180	0.6040
B	0.8240	0.6010
C	0.8120	0.6030

